Consolidated Financial Statements

Corporation of the Town of Perth

Year ended December 31, 2022



Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Town of Perth (the "Corporation") are the responsibility of the Corporation's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. Significant accounting policies are described in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Corporation's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

Management meets with the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to Council approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Corporation. The accompanying Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

Michael Touw Chief Administrative Officer

Brian Burns Treasurer



KPMG LLP 22 Wilson Street, West Perth ON K7H 2M9 Canada Tel 613-267-6580 Fax 613-267-7563

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the Town of Perth

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation of the Township of Perth (the Entity), which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022;
- the consolidated statement of operations and municipal equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the
 planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any
 significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the group entity to express an opinion on the
 financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance
 of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Perth, Canada April 25, 2023

LPMG LLP

Corporation of the Town of Perth Consolidated Statement of Financial Position December 31 (in thousands of dollars)

<u>-</u>	2022	2021
Assets		
Cash Investments (note 4) Taxes receivable User charges receivable Accounts receivable Land inventory for resale	\$ 9,367 12,267 810 297 897 433	\$22,498 - 359 352 863 438
Liabilities	24,071	24,510
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Prepaid property taxes Accrued landfill closure and post closure liability (note 12) Other current liabilities Employee future benefit obligations Deferred revenues (note 5) Long-term debt (note 6)	2,036 550 2,164 646 10 1,730 5,333	2,085 607 1,344 688 41 2,107 5,881
Net Financial Assets	11,602	11,757
Non-Financial Assets		
Tangible capital assets (note 16) Prepaid expenses	64,411 300	63,016 214
<u>-</u>	64,711	63,230
Municipal Equity (note 7)	\$76,313	\$74,987

Contingent liability – contaminated sites (note 10) Contingent liabilities (note 11) Commitments (note 13)

Corporation of the Town of Perth Consolidated Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity For the year ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)

	Budget (note 14)	2022	2021
Revenues			\$0.400
Property taxation	\$8,434	\$8,719	\$8,189
User charges	4,235	3,942	3,800
Government transfers	2,542	2,663	2,611
Licences and permits	300	214	272
Investment income	200	600	179
Penalties and interest on taxes	91	93	84
Provincial offences (note 9)	633	663	610
Other	800	828	710
Total Revenues	17,235	17,722	16,455
Expenses (note 15)			
General government	1,430	1,538	1,377
Protection to persons and property	3,915	3,945	3,670
Transportation services	2,074	2,156	1,755
Environmental services	4,768	4,855	4,049
Social and family services	20	20	117
Recreation and cultural services	2,946	3,031	2,599
Planning and development	1,350	1,569	1,002
Landfill closure costs (recovery)		820	(326)
Total Expenses	16,503	17,934	14,243
Net Revenue from Operations	732	(212)	2,212
Other			
Grants and transfers related to capital	2,347	1,537	643
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	4	1	32
Annual Surplus	3,083	1,326	2,887
Municipal Equity, Beginning of Year	74,987	74,987	72,100
Municipal Equity, End of Year	\$78,070	\$76,313	\$74,987

Corporation of the Town of Perth Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets For the year ended December 31 (in thousands of dollars)

	Budget (note 14)	2022	2021
Annual surplus	\$3,083	\$1,326	\$2,887
Amortization of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Gain on sale of tangible capital assets Acquisition of prepaid expenses	2,650 (9,524) 	2,754 (4,178) 30 (1) (86)	2,557 (3,320) 35 (32) (9)
	(6,874)	(1,481)	(769)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Financial Assets	(3,791)	(155)	2,118
Net Financial Assets, Beginning of Year	11,757	11,757	9,639
Net Financial Assets, End of Year	\$7,966	\$11,602	\$11,757

Corporation of the Town of Perth Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31

Operating Activities 1,326 2,887 Annual surplus 1,326 2,887 Amortization of tangible capital assets 2,754 2,557 Gain on sale of tangible capital assets (1) (32) Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances Taxes receivable (451) 296 User charges receivable (34) (510) 296 User charges receivable (34) (510) 4.079 964 Accounts receivable (34) (510) 6.010	(in thousands of dollars)		
Annual surplus Amortization of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on sale of tangible capital assets (1) (32) Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances Taxes receivable User charges receivable User charges receivable (451) Accounts receivable Land inventory for resale Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (49) Actured landfill closure and post closure liability Actured landfill closure and post closure liability Other current liabilities (42) Other current liabilities Employee future benefit obligations (377) Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations Acquisition of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Net investment in tangible capital assets Investing Activities Increase in investments Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (490) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (13,131) Ae58 Cash, beginning of year	(III triousarius of dollars)	2022	2021
Annual surplus Amortization of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on sale of tangible capital assets (1) (32) Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances Taxes receivable User charges receivable User charges receivable (451) Accounts receivable Land inventory for resale Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (49) Actured landfill closure and post closure liability Actured landfill closure and post closure liability Other current liabilities (42) Other current liabilities Employee future benefit obligations (377) Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations Acquisition of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Net investment in tangible capital assets Investing Activities Increase in investments Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (490) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (13,131) Ae58 Cash, beginning of year	Operating Activities		
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Gain on sale of tangible capital assets (1) (32) Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances (451) 296 Taxes receivable (451) 296 User charges receivable (34) (510) Land inventory for resale 5 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (49) 964 Prepaid property taxes (57) (46) Accrued landfill closure and post closure liability 820 (326) Other current liabilities (42) (376) Employee future benefit obligations (31) (31) Deferred revenues (377) 573 Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267		*	•
Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances		(1)	
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User charges receivable	Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances		
Accounts receivable (34) (510) Land inventory for resale 5 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (49) 964 Prepaid property taxes (57) (46) Accrued landfill closure and post closure liability 820 (326) Other current liabilities (42) (376) Employee future benefit obligations (31) (31) Deferred revenues (377) 573 Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267 Financing Activities 2,400 Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities <td>Taxes receivable</td> <td>(451)</td> <td>296</td>	Taxes receivable	(451)	296
Land inventory for resale	User charges receivable	55	(3)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (49) 964 Prepaid property taxes (57) (46) Accrued landfill closure and post closure liability 820 (326) Other current liabilities (42) (376) Employee future benefit obligations (31) (31) Deferred revenues (377) 573 Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities 12,267 Increase in investments 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267 Financing Activities 2,400 Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) 1,999 (Decrease) increase	Accounts receivable	(34)	(510)
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Prepaid property taxes (57) (46) Accrued landfill closure and post closure liability 820 (326) Other current liabilities (42) (376) Employee future benefit obligations (31) (31) Deferred revenues (377) 573 Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267 Financing Activities 2,400 Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) 1,999 (Decrease) increase in cash (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year 22,498 17,840	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(49)	964
Accrued landfill closure and post closure liability 820 (326) Other current liabilities (42) (376) Employee future benefit obligations (31) (31) Deferred revenues (377) 573 Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities Acquisition of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities 12,267 Increase in investments 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267 Financing Activities 2,400 Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) 1,999 (Decrease) increase in cash (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year 22,498 17,840		(57)	(46)
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Employee future benefit obligations (31) (31) Deferred revenues (377) 573 Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities Acquisition of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Net investment in tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities 12,267 Increase in investments 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 2,400 Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) 1,999 (Decrease) increase in cash (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year 22,498 17,840	•	(42)	, ,
Deferred revenues (377) 573 Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Net investment in tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities	Employee future benefit obligations	, ,	, ,
Prepaid expenses (86) (9) Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities (4,178) (3,320) Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) Net investment in tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities 12,267 Increase in investments 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267 Financing Activities 2,400 Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) 1,999 (Decrease) increase in cash (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year 22,498 17,840	Deferred revenues	, ,	, ,
Working capital from operations 3,832 5,944 Capital Activities Acquisition of tangible capital assets (4,178) (3,320) 35 Net investment in tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities Increase in investments Activities Increase in cash from investing activities Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (13,131) (13,131) (10,240) Activities (13,131) (13,140) Cash, beginning of year	Prepaid expenses	` ,	(9)
Capital Activities Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Net investment in tangible capital assets Increase in investments Incr		(247)	532
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Net investment in tangible capital assets Net investment in tangible capital assets Increase in investments Increase in cash from investing activities Increase in cash from investing activities Increase in cash from financing activities Increase in cash from	Working capital from operations	3,832	5,944
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets 30 35 Net investment in tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities Increase in investments 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267 Financing Activities Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) 1,999 (Decrease) increase in cash (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year 22,498 17,840	Capital Activities		
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets 30 35 Net investment in tangible capital assets (4,148) (3,285) Investing Activities Increase in investments 12,267 Net change in cash from investing activities 12,267 Financing Activities Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) 1,999 (Decrease) increase in cash (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year 22,498 17,840	Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(4,178)	(3,320)
Investing Activities Increase in investments Net change in cash from investing activities Financing Activities Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year		, , ,	• •
Increase in investments Net change in cash from investing activities Financing Activities Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year	Net investment in tangible capital assets	(4,148)	(3,285)
Increase in investments Net change in cash from investing activities Financing Activities Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year	Investing Activities		
Net change in cash from investing activities Financing Activities Proceeds of long-term loan Debt principal repayments Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (401) Net change in cash from financing activities (548) (13,131) 4,658 Cash, beginning of year		12,267	
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Debt principal repayments(548)(401)Net change in cash from financing activities(548)1,999(Decrease) increase in cash Cash, beginning of year(13,131)4,65822,49817,840			2,400
Net change in cash from financing activities(548)1,999(Decrease) increase in cash(13,131)4,658Cash, beginning of year22,49817,840	•	(5.40)	(404)
(Decrease) increase in cash Cash, beginning of year (13,131) 22,498 (13,131) 4,658 17,840	Debt principal repayments	(548)	(401)
Cash, beginning of year 22,498 17,840	Net change in cash from financing activities	, ,	
, to	(Decrease) increase in cash	(13,131)	•
Cash , end of year (Note 4) \$9,367 \$22,498	Cash, beginning of year	22,498	17,840
	Cash, end of year (Note 4)	\$9,367	\$22,498

1. Corporation of the Town of Perth

The Corporation of the Town of Perth (the 'Town') was incorporated in 1854. The Town operates as a lower tier government in the County of Lanark, in the Province of Ontario, Canada and provides municipal services such as police, fire, public works, planning, parks and recreation and other general government operations.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town are the representations of management and have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

Reporting Entity

- (i) The consolidated financial statements reflect financial assets, liabilities, operating revenues and expenses, reserves, reserve funds and changes in investment in tangible capital assets of the Town. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and local boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Town and which are owned or controlled by the Town. Interdepartmental and inter-organizational transactions and balances between these organizations are eliminated. These consolidated financial statements include:
 - Business Improvement Area Committee
 - Public Library Board (proportionate share)
- (ii) The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in the municipal equity of these consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

- (i) The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based on receipt of goods and services and/or the creation of a legal obligation to pay.
- (ii) Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

2. Significant Accounting Policies / continued

Taxation and Related Revenues

Property tax billings are prepared by the Town based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ('MPAC'). Tax rates are established by the Town Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services, amounts to be raised on behalf of County of Lanark for regional services, and amounts the Town is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued. Adjustments to taxation revenue can occur during the year related to the issuance of supplementary tax billings and/or assessment appeals. These adjustments are recorded when the amount of the adjustments can be quantified. The Town is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. These revenues are recorded in the period in which the interest and penalties are applied.

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which include all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost less the residual value of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land Improvements10-25 yearsBuildings20-50 yearsVehicles10-15 yearsEquipment & Machinery3-15 yearsLinear Assets20 to 65 years

Amortization is charged from the month following acquisition. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use, at which time they are capitalized.

The Town has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for land improvements, vehicles and equipment and \$25,000 for buildings and linear assets so that individual capital assets of lesser value are expensed.

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the asset as of the date of transfer.

2. Significant Accounting Policies / continued

Tangible Capital Assets / continued

When tangible capital assets are disposed of, either by way of a sale, destruction or loss, or abandonment of the asset, the asset's net book value, historical cost less accumulated amortization, is written off. Any resulting gain or loss, equal to the proceeds on disposal less the asset's net book value, is reported on the consolidated statement of operations in the year of disposal. Transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the asset as of the date of transfer.

When conditions indicate that a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Town's ability to provide services or the value of the future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital asset are less than its net book value, and the decline is expected to be permanent, the cost and accumulated amortization of the asset are reduced to reflect the revised estimate of the value of the asset's remaining service potential. The resulting net adjustment is reported as an expense on the consolidated statement of operations.

Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories and prepaid expenses held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost.

Pension and Employee Benefits

The Town accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ('OMERS'), a multi-employer public sector pension fund, as a defined contribution plan. The OMERS plan specifies the retirement benefits to be received by employees based on length of service and pay rates.

Employee benefits include vacation entitlement and sick leave benefits. Vacation entitlements are accrued as entitlements are earned. Sick leave benefits are accrued in accordance with the Town's policy.

2. Significant Accounting Policies / continued

Government Transfers

Government transfers are recognized in the consolidated financial statements as revenues in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

Deferred Revenues

The Town defers recognition of user charges and fees which have been collected but for which the related services have yet to be performed. Government transfers of gas taxes, development charges collected under the *Development Charges Act, 1997,* and recreational land collected under the Planning Act are reported as deferred revenues in the consolidated statement of financial position. These amounts will be recognized as revenues in the fiscal year the services are performed.

The Town receives restricted contributions under the authority of Federal and Provincial legislation and Town by-laws. These funds by their nature are restricted in their use and until applied to applicable costs are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying expenses are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

Deferred revenue represents certain user charges and fees which have been collected but for which the related services have yet to be performed. Deferred revenue also represents contributions that the Town has received pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement that may only be used for certain programs or in the completion of specific work. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the services are performed or related expenses incurred.

2. Significant Accounting Policies / continued

Investment Income

Investment income earned on surplus, current funds, capital funds, reserves and reserve funds (other than obligatory reserve funds) are reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on development charges and obligatory reserve funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of respective deferred revenue balances.

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liabilities

The Town accrues landfill closure and post-closure care requirements that have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping of ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a sixty-four-year period using the best information available to management.

Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenditures, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries.

A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when a site is not in productive use and all the following criteria are met:

- (a) an environmental standard exists:
- (b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- (c) the Town:
 - (i) is directly responsible; or
 - (ii) accepts responsibility
- (d) it is expected that future economic benefit will be given up; and
- (e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The liability is recognized as management's estimate of cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring that are an integral part of the remediation strategy for a contaminated site.

2. Significant Accounting Policies / continued

Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically and as adjustments become necessary, they are recorded in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which they become known.

3. Operations of the School Boards and County of Lanark

During 2022, the Town collected and made property tax transfers including payments in lieu of property taxes, to the County of Lanark of \$3,763 (2021 - \$3,564) and to School Boards of \$2,247 (2021 - \$2,153).

4. Investments

Investments are comprised of guaranteed investment certificates yielding interest of 3.36% - 4.80%, with maturities ranging from August 2023 to April 2024.

Investments include accrued interest.

5. Deferred Revenues

Provincial legislation restricts how certain reserve funds may be used and these reserve funds are recorded as deferred revenue on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. These funds are accumulated as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Development Charges collected Federal Gas Tax Funding Parkland Fees Investment Income Funding Utilized	\$2,107 188 58 (623)	\$1,534 731 369 20 24 (571)
Balance, end of year	\$ <u>1,730</u>	\$2 <u>,107</u>
Split as:		
Development Charges Gas Tax Revenue Parkland Reserve	\$1,704 <u>26</u>	\$1,786 296 <u>25</u>
Total	<u>\$1,730</u>	<u>\$2,107</u>

6. Long-Term Debt

Fixed rate loan from the Federation of Canadian Municipalities which bears interest at 3.41% and matures in 2029. The loan is repayable in blended semi-annual payments of \$265. Loan outstanding at end of 2022 is \$3,066 (2021 - \$3,481).

Fixed rate loan from Infrastructure Ontario which bears interest at 2.6% and matures in 2036. The loan is repayable in blended semi-annual payments of \$97. Loan outstanding at the end of 2021 is \$2,267 (2021 – \$2,400).

Interest expense on the Long-Term Debt in 2022 amounted to \$177 (2021 - \$128).

6. Long Term Debt / continued

Principal payments on Long-Term Debt fall due as follows:

2023 2024	565 584
2025	602
2026 2027	622 642
2028 and thereafter	<u>2,318</u>
Total	<u>\$5,333</u>

7. Municipal Equity

Municipal equity consists of:

	2022	2021
Tangible Capital Assets Long Term Debt Unfinanced Capital Outlay Reserves (Schedule 1)	\$64,411 (5,333) (400) <u>17,635</u>	\$63,016 (5,881) (600) <u>18,452</u>
Total	<u>\$76,313</u>	<u>\$74,987</u>

8. Pension Contributions

The Town makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of all permanent members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. Employers and employees contribute to the plan. Since any surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees, the Town does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit in these consolidated financial statements. The pension plan reported a deficit of \$6.7 billion as at December 31, 2022 (2021 - \$3.1 billion).

The amount contributed to OMERS was \$353 (2021 - \$318) for current services and is included as an expense on the consolidated statement of operations classified under the appropriate functional expense.

9. Provincial Offences Administration (POA)

The Town assumed the administration of the Provincial Offences office for all County of Lanark resident municipalities as a result of the Provincial Offences Act (POA) 1997, which provides the framework for the transfer of responsibility and administration of POA courts.

The POA is a procedural law for administering and prosecuting provincial offences, including those committed under the Highway Traffic Act, Compulsory Automobile Insurance Act, Trespass to Property Act, Liquor Licence Act, Municipal By-Laws and minor federal offences. The POA governs all aspects of legal process from serving notice to a defendant, to conducting trials, including sentencing and appeals.

The Town's share of net revenues arising from operation of the POA office have been consolidated with these consolidated financial statements. The revenue of the court office consists of fines levied under Parts I and III (including delay penalties) for POA charges filed in the Perth court.

If fines are paid at other court offices, the receipt is recorded in the Integrated Courts Operation Network System ("ICON") operated by the Province of Ontario. Revenue is recognized when receipt of funds is recorded by the provincial ICON system regardless of the location where payment is made.

The Town shares net POA revenues based on weighted assessment.

10. Contingent Liability – Contaminated Sites

The Town has identified a potential liability for two contaminated sites. One site was previously used as a landfill and the other attached to an industrial property with environmental issues. The Town has completed environmental assessments on both sites. An estimate of the liability for the contaminated sites could not be reasonably estimated. Both sites are currently vacant.

11. Contingent Liabilities

The nature of municipal activities is such that there may be litigation pending or in prospect at any time. With respect to claims as at December 31, 2022, management believes that the Town has valid defences and appropriate insurance coverages in place.

12. Landfill Closure and Post Closure Liability

The Environment Protection Act sets out the regulatory requirements to properly close and maintain all active and inactive landfill sites. Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post-closure care of solid waste landfill sites. This requirement is to be provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping of ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a sixty-four-year period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expenditures, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

The Town currently has one active site. The site is in operation and is currently undergoing an expansion in capacity that provides an estimated life of approximately 11 years (2021 - 12 years). The anticipated closure plan includes a cost \$274 between 2023 and 2025 for closure of the active fill area, \$538 in 2034 for closure of site and \$1352 from 2034 to 2086 for post closure maintenance and monitoring.

Estimated total expenditures represent the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure care activities discounted at an estimated average long-term borrowing rate of 6.0% (2021 - 6%) and using an assumed rate of 6.0% (2021- 2%) for inflation. The estimated total landfill closure and post-closure care expenditures are calculated to be approximately \$2,164 (2021 - \$1,344) and are reported on the consolidated statement of financial position.

13. Commitments

- (a) The Town has a long-term contract with Glenview Iron and Metal Ltd. for the collection of waste and source-separated organics and the collection and processing of recyclables. The contract commenced January 1, 2021 and will expire on December 31, 2026. All collection charges are based on the number of households while the processing of recyclables is a charge per tonne. Charges are adjusted annually for inflation. The contract also provides for the Town to receive all proceeds from the sale of recyclables. Payments under the contract for 2022 were \$589 (2021 \$510).
- (b) The Town has entered into a long-term contract with the Ontario Provincial Police for the provision of policing services. The contract period is January 2021 to December 2024. Annual charges are determined based on levels of service and are reconciled to actual costs in the following year. Payments under the contract for 2022 were \$1,669 (2021 \$1,739).

14. Budget Figures

The budget data presented in these financial statements is based on the 2022 budget approved by Council. Budget figures have been reclassified for the purpose of these financial statements to conform with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards reporting requirements.

These amounts are unaudited.

15. Segmented Information

The Town is a diversified municipal government that provides a wide range of services to its citizens. The services are provided by departments and their activities are reported in the consolidated statement of operations.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in note 2.

For each reported segment, expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

15. Segmented Information / continued

	Salaries, Wages & Employee Benefits	Long-Term Debt Interest	Materials & Services	External Transfers	Inter functional Adjustments	Amortization	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
General Government	\$1,197		\$1,770		\$(1,593)	164	1,538
Protection to Persons & Property	1,014		2,002	268	547	114	3,945
Transportation	587		597		175	797	2,156
Environmental	1,208	177	1,818		405	1,247	4,855
Social and Family				20			20
Recreation & Cultural Services	1,699		599		301	432	3,031
Planning and Development	388		791	225	165		1,569
Landfill Closure Costs			820				820
Total	6,093	177	8,397	513		2,754	17,934

16. Tangible Capital Assets

Asset Class	Cost January 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Cost December 31, 2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	1,697			1,697
Land Infrastructure	29			29
Land Improvements	1,373	3,318		4,691
Buildings	12,655	14		12,669
Vehicles	3,796	322	(385)	3,733
Equipment	7,217	127		7,344
Linear assets: Bridges/Culverts	5,046	909		5,955
Roads	23,383	98		23,481
Water	11,635			11,635
Sewer	21,292			21,292
Storm	9,178			9,178
Construction in Progress	3,134	3,561	(4,211)	2,484
Library Board (proportionate				
share)	708	40	(32)	716
	101,143	8,389	(4,628)	104,904

16. Tangible Capital Assets / continued

Asset Class	Accumulated Amortization January 1, 2022	Amortization	Disposals	Accumulated Amortization December 31, 2022	Net Book Value December 31, 2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land					1,697
Land Infrastructure					29
Land	750	470		000	0.700
Improvements	750	173		923	3,768
Buildings	6,531	393		6,924	5,745
Vehicles	1,845	229	(344)	1,730	2,003
Equipment	1,887	363		2,250	5,094
Linear assets:					
Bridges /Culverts	2,189	113		2,302	3,653
Roads	10,630	543		11,173	12,308
Water	4,622	177		4,799	6,836
Sewer	5,281	540		5,821	15,471
Storm	3,861	172		4,033	5,145
Construction in Progress					2,484
Library Board (proportionate					
share)	531	51	(44)	538	178
	38,127	2,754	(388)	40,493	64,411

Schedule 1 – Continuity of Reserves		
	2022	2021
Reserves, Beginning of Year	\$18,452	\$14,626
Results of Operations Transferred to Unfunded Capital Outlay	3,561 (200)	5,046 (300)
Capital Expenditures	(4,178)	(3,320)
Debt Financing Received	<u>==</u>	<u>2,400</u>
Reserves, End of Year	\$17,635	\$18,452
Reserves set aside for specific purposes by Council:		
For Operating Purposes		
Emergencies Strategic Initiatives Building Inspection Business Improvement Area	750 64 76 90	750 64 267 94
For Capital Expenditures		
Capital Assets Water and Sewer Library	6,478 10,035 142	8,185 8,952 140
Total Reserves	\$17,635	\$18,452